

MAT 147
Homework # 2

1. Recall that an integer n is **even** if it can be written as $n = 2k$ for some integer k , and n is **odd** if it can be written as $n = 2k + 1$ for some integer k . Use the properties of integers to verify the following statements:

- (a) The sum of two even integers is an even integer.
- (b) The sum of two odd integers is an even integer.
- (c) The sum of an even integer and an odd integer is an odd integer.

2. If possible, find the multiplicative inverse for each of the following real numbers: $\sqrt{2}$, 6 , -3.5 , 0 , $\frac{8}{9}$.

3. The **additive inverse** of a real number x is a number y such that $x + y = 0$. We usually write $-x$ (instead of y) for the additive inverse of x .

- If possible, find the additive inverse of each of the following real numbers: $\sqrt{2}$, 6 , -3.5 , 0 , $\frac{8}{9}$. Is there any real number that does not have an additive inverse?
- We define **subtraction** of real numbers as $x - y = x + (-y)$. Is subtraction a commutative operation? That is, does $x - y = y - x$ for all real numbers x and y ? If not, can you find a relationship between $x - y$ and $y - x$? Try some examples: $2-3$ and $3-2$, $7-10$ and $10-7$, etc.

4. Consider the following correspondences:

$$f : \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R} \text{ by } f(x) = x^3$$

$$g : \{a, b, c\} \rightarrow \{\$, \%, \#, \&\} \text{ by } g(a) = \$, g(b) = \# \text{ and } g(c) = \&.$$

$$h : \mathbb{Z} \rightarrow \mathbb{Z} \text{ by } h(n) = -2n.$$

Determine which of the functions above are one-to-one and which are onto.