

MAT 104 Quiz 21
Monday, November 1, 2004

1. Solve

$$\frac{2}{x} = 3$$

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{2}{x} &= 3 \implies 2 = 3x \\ &\implies x = \frac{2}{3}\end{aligned}$$

2. Solve

$$\frac{3x - 2}{x + 1} = 5 - \frac{2x + 1}{x - 1}$$

$$\begin{aligned}\frac{3x - 2}{x + 1} &= 5 - \frac{2x + 1}{x - 1} \implies (3x - 2)(x - 1) = 5(x + 1)(x - 1) - (2x + 1)(x + 1) \\ &\implies 3x^2 - 5x + 2 = 5x^2 - 5 - (2x^2 + 3x + 1) \\ &\implies 3x^2 - 5x + 2 = 3x^2 - 3x - 6 \\ &\implies -2x = -8 \\ &\implies x = 4\end{aligned}$$

3. For $f(x) = \frac{x+1}{x-1}$, find a such that $f(a) = 4$.

$$\begin{aligned}f(a) = 4 &\iff \frac{a+1}{a-1} = 4 \\ &\iff a+1 = 4(a-1) \\ &\iff a+1 = 4a-4 \\ &\iff a = \frac{5}{3}\end{aligned}$$